NS0-131

Network Appliance Data Protection Exam 7G

DEMO

QUESTION NO: 1

Which two of the following NetApp storage appliances do not support the use of synchronous SnapMirror?

A. F820
B. F87
C. FAS960
D. F825

Answer: A,B

QUESTION NO: 2

Which one of the following statements does not apply to SnapLock Compliance volumes?

A. The volume has the capacity to download indexes and records.
B. Administrative interfaces are restricted to protect WORM data.
C. The volume type is set when the volume is created.
D. The volume supports the "ntrusted administrator" mode of operation.

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 3

Which one of the following commands would you use to disable client access to snapshots on a volume called /vol/flexvol1?

A. vol options /vol/flexvol1 snapdir on
B. vol options /vol/flexvol1 nosnapdir off
C. vol options /vol/flexvol1 nosnapdir on
D. vol options /vol/flexvol1 snapdir off

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 4

You are unable to add primary directory relationship with the "Add Backup" option on the DFM GUI. Which three of the following conditions might cause this failure?

A. Secondary volume is out of space.
B. Secondary volume is out of inodes.

C. Path name contains /vol prefix.

D. Secondary path is a qtree.

Answer: A,B,C

QUESTION NO: 5

If you were troubleshooting and wanted to look at SnapMirror log files, what is the path and directory to these files?

A. root volume, /etc/log/snaplog/

B. root volume, /etc/log/

C. destination volume, /etc/log/

D. root volume, /etc/snaplog/

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 6

Which one of the following statements does not apply when initializing a SnapLock compliance volume as a SnapMirror destination volume?

A. Use the option.

B. Use regular SnapMirror commands.

C. Data ONTAP will convert the destination volume to a SnapLock Compliance volume after the initial transfer is complete.

D. Destination volume must be non-SnapLock.

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 7

One of the results of the snapmirror resync command is that newer snapshots after the baseline will be deleted at the destination, and older snapshots before the baseline will be deleted at the source.

A. True

B. False

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 8

Five minutes ago, you performed a single file SnapRestore on a large NFS file. 40% of your NFS users are now complaining about getting tale file handles?for the file. Which one of the following is the most likely cause of this problem, and the best procedure to correct it?

A. NFS users who try to access a reverted file without first reopening it might get a tale file handle error message. Have the users try to reopen the file and see if the problem is resolved.
B. After a single file SnapRestore, NFS users have to reboot their systems. Have them reboot their systems.
C. This might be due to an NFS storage appliance and client version mis-match. Check to see that these users have the same version of the NFS client that existed at the time the snapshot was taken.
D. These users are on a different subnet from the others. Start troubleshooting by checking their subnet.

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 9

Which statement describes the results of the snapmirror resync command?

A. Resynchronization will update the snapshot on the source filer
B. Resynchronization finds the newest common snapshot shared by the two volumes or qtrees, and removes all newer information on the storage
appliance on which the command is run.
C. Resynchronization will update the snapshot on the destination filer.
D. Resynchronization will cause the loss of all data written to the destination after the original base snapshot was made.

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 10

Which of the following statements is not true of SnapLock volumes?

A. SnapLock volumes support per-file retention periods.
B. SnapLock volumes support SnapMirror.
C. There are two types of SnapLock volumes.
D. SnapLock volumes are supported on the gFiler appliance.

Answer: D