JN0-304

M-series, Specialist (JNCIS-M)

DEMO

https://www.islever.com/jn0-304.html
https://www.islever.com/juniper.html

QUESTION NO: 1

Routers A and B have an OC12c and a GE link between them and are running OSPF over both of these links. Which statement is correct, assuming the default JUNOS software OSPF metric calculation?

A. There are two equal cost paths between A and B.
B. The GE link is the preferred path between A and B.
C. The OC12c link is the preferred path between A and B.
D. Manual metric assignment must be configured to determine the outcome.

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 2

What is the default function of a secondary path in MPLS?

A. to act as an equal-cost path to the primary path
B. to enable another LSP for load balancing
C. to act as a diverse backup path to the primary path
D. to allow the use of explicit path selection via EROs

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 3

How long is an IPv6 address?

A. 32 bits
B. 64 bits
C. 128 bits
D. 256 bits

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 4

Which three are well-known mandatory BGP attributes? (Choose three.)

A. Origin
B. AS path
C. Next hop

D. Community

E. Multiple exitdiscriminator

Answer: A,B,C

QUESTION NO: 5

In which two ways can you influence how downstream LSRs treat MPLS traffic? (Choose two.)

A. Use an EXP rewrite table.

B. Use a DSCP rewrite table.

C. Statically assign aCoS value to an LDP-signaled LSP.

D. Statically assign aCoS value to an RSVP-signaled LSP.

Answer: A,D

QUESTION NO: 6

Which three authentication options does IS-IS support? (Choose three.)

A. MD5

B. DES

C. Kerberos

D. unauthenticated

E. simple password

Answer: A,D,E

QUESTION NO: 7

Two Label-Switched Paths called LSP A and LSP B have been configured on a router. LSP A has been configured with a hold-priority of 3. There is insufficient reservable bandwidth along the path to accomodate both LSPs reservation requirements. Which setup priority must LSP B have to pre-empt LSP A and use its bandwidth?

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 7

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 8

Which configuration defines a BGP route reflector?

A. group cluster-1 {
type external;
local-address 192.168.56.1;
cluster-list 1.1.1.1;
neighbor 192.168.48.1;
neighbor 192.168.52.1;
}
B. group cluster-1 {
type internal;
local-address 192.168.56.1;
cluster 1.1.1.1;
client 192.168.48.1;
client 192.168.52.1;
}
C. group cluster-1 {
type cluster;
local-address 192.168.56.1;
cluster-list 1.1.1.1;
neighbor 192.168.48.1;
neighbor 192.168.52.1;
}
D. group cluster-1 {
type external;
local-address 192.168.56.1;
cluster 1.1.1.1;
neighbor 192.168.48.1;
neighbor 192.168.52.1;
}

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 9

Given the following policy, what happens when the 1.1/17 route is evaluated?
[edit policy-options] policy-statement test {
from {