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300-135

Troubleshooting and Maintaining Cisco IP Networks (TSHOOT)

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Topic 1

QUESTION NO: 1

Exhibit:

RouterA# debug eigrp packets

...

01:39:13: EIGRP: Received HELLO on Serial0/0 nbr 10.1.2.2

01:39:13: AS 100, Flags 0x0, Seq 0/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely 0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/0

01:39:13: K-value mismatch

A network administrator is troubleshooting an EIGRP connection between RouterA, IP address 10.1.2.1, and RouterB, IP address 10.1.2.2. Given the debug output on RouterA, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

Tests

- **A.** RouterA received a hello packet with mismatched autonomous system numbers.
- **B.** RouterA received a hello packet with mismatched hello timers.
- **C.** RouterA received a hello packet with mismatched authentication parameters.
- **D.** RouterA received a hello packet with mismatched metric-calculation mechanisms.
- E. RouterA will form an adjacency with RouterB.
- **F.** RouterA will not form an adjacency with RouterB.

Answer: D,F Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 2

When troubleshooting an EIGRP connectivity problem, you notice that two connected EIGRP routers are not becoming EIGRP neighbors. A ping between the two routers was successful. What is the next thing that should be checked?

- **A.** Verify that the EIGRP hello and hold timers match exactly.
- **B.** Verify that EIGRP broadcast packets are not being dropped between the two routers with the show ip EIGRP peer command.
- **C.** Verify that EIGRP broadcast packets are not being dropped between the two routers with the show ip EIGRP traffic command.
- **D.** Verify that EIGRP is enabled for the appropriate networks on the local and neighboring router.

Answer: D Explanation:

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QUESTION NO: 3

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
O - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 212.50.185.126 to network 0.0.0.0

D 212.50.167.0/24 [90/160000] via 212.50.185.82, 00:05:55, Ethernet1/0
212.50.166.0/24 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
D 212.50.166.0/24 is a summary, 00:05:55, Nullo
C 212.50.166.1/32 is directly connected, Loopback1
C 212.50.166.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback2
C 212.50.166.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback2
C 212.50.185.0/27 is subnetted, 3 subnets
C 212.50.185.64 is directly connected, Ethernet1/0
C 212.50.185.96 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
C 212.50.185.32 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
C 212.50.185.32 is directly connected, Ethernet2/0
D*EX 0.0.0.0/0 [170/2174976] via 212.50.185.126, 00:05:55, Ethernet0/0
```

How would you confirm on R1 that load balancing is actually occurring on the default-network (0.0.0.0)?

- **A.** Use ping and the show ip route command to confirm the timers for each default network resets to 0.
- **B.** Load balancing does not occur over default networks; the second route will only be used for failover.
- **C.** Use an extended ping along with repeated show ip route commands to confirm the gateway of last resort address toggles back and forth.
- **D.** Use the traceroute command to an address that is not explicitly in the routing table.

Answer: D Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 4

Which IPsec mode will encrypt a GRE tunnel to provide multiprotocol support and reduced overhead?

- A. 3DES
- **B.** multipoint GRE
- C. tunnel
- **D.** transport

Answer: D Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 5

Which three features are benefits of using GRE tunnels in conjunction with IPsec for building site-to-site VPNs? (Choose three.)

- A. allows dynamic routing over the tunnel
- **B.** supports multi-protocol (non-IP) traffic over the tunnel
- C. reduces IPsec headers overhead since tunnel mode is used
- D. simplifies the ACL used in the crypto map
- E. uses Virtual Tunnel Interface (VTI) to simplify the IPsec VPN configuration

Answer: A,B,D Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 6

Which statement is true about an IPsec/GRE tunnel?

- **A.** The GRE tunnel source and destination addresses are specified within the IPsec transform set.
- **B.** An IPsec/GRE tunnel must use IPsec tunnel mode.
- **C.** GRE encapsulation occurs before the IPsec encryption process.
- **D.** Crypto map ACL is not needed to match which traffic will be protected.

Answer: C Explanation:

Topic 2, Troubleshooting VTP

QUESTION NO: 7

A customer network engineer has made configuration changes that have resulted in some loss of connectivity. You have been called in to evaluate a switch network and suggest resolutions to the problems.