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# 1Z0-882

MySQL 5.6 Developer

DEMO

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**QUESTION NO: 1**

The application logs contain many entries of the following:

ERROR 1153 (OSSO1): Got a packet bigger than 'max\_allowed\_packet' bytes

With two scenarios can (Hibernate this error message?

- A. The application tried to INSERT a row that exceeded max\_allowed\_packet.
- B. The network caused an error inducing the max\_allowed\_packet error.
- C. The application did not use the COMPRESS ()function for a large result set.
- D. The application tried to SELECT many rows together that exceeded max\_\_allowed\_packet.
- E. The application tried to SELECT a row that exceeded max\_allowed\_packet.
- F. The operating system caused an error inducing the max\_allowed\_packet error.

**Answer: D,F**

**Explanation:**

**QUESTION NO: 2**

Which two Functions can be used in a C program to retrieve information about warning?

- A. mysql\_info
- B. mysql\_error
- C. mysql\_warning\_count
- D. mysql\_errno

**Answer: A,B**

**Explanation:**

**QUESTION NO: 3**

You wish to create a trigger on the 'city' table that will check the value of the 'District' field before any INSERT. The trigger needs to change it to" Unknown" for an empty string or NULL.

CREATE TRIGGER City\_bi

BEFORE INSERT ON CITY

FOR EACH ROW

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BEGIN

IF OLD.District IS NULL OR OLD.District= . .

THEN

SET NEW.District='Unknown';

END IF :

END;

Does the CREATE TRIGGER statement accomplish this goal?

- A. Yes; the trigger works correctly.
- B. No; FOR EACHROW is invalid syntax.
- C. No; the syntax should be CREATE TRIGGER city\_bi ON city BEFORE INSERT....
- D. No; the OLD keyword cannot be used in an INSERT trigger.

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

#### QUESTION NO: 4

The tab-delimited file "/tmp/people.txt" contains:

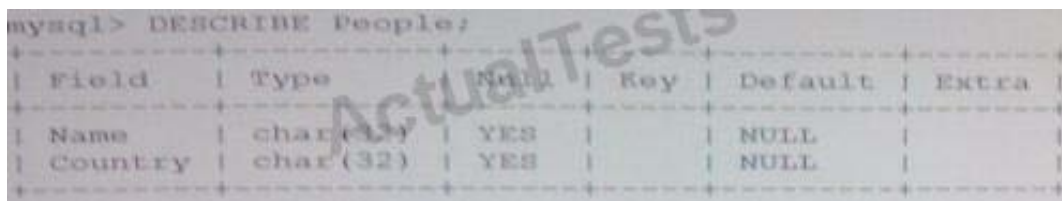
1636 Carsten Pederson Denmark

4672 Kai Voigt Germany

4628 Max Methier France

This is the structure of the people table:

Mysql> DESCRIBE people;



Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Name	varchar(45)	YES		NULL	
Country	char(32)	YES		NULL	

Which statement will load the first and last names into the Names column and the country into the

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country column?

- A.** LOADDATA INFILE '/tmp/people.txt' INTO TABLE PEOPLE @First=\$2. @Last=\$3 @Country=\$4  
(CONCAT (@First, ", @Last) , @ Country)
- B.** LOADDATA INFILE '/tmp/people.txt ' INTO TABLE People  
@Skip=\$1 , @ First=\$2, @Last=\$3, @ Country=4,  
(CONCAT (@First, " . @ Last) , @ Country)
- C.** LOADDATA INFILE '/tmp/people.txt ' INTO TABLE People  
( @ Skip, @First , @Last, @Country  
SET Name=CONCAT ( @First, ", @Last)
- D.** LOADDATA INFILE '/tmp/people.txt, INTO TABLE People.  
( @Skip. @First, @Last, @Country)  
Country=@country
- E.** It is not possible to load the data from the file/tmp/people.txt into the people table, as shown.

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

#### **QUESTION NO: 5**

What are two ways in which normalizing your tables helps improve performance In MySQL?

- A.** Smaller table sizes and row lengths improve sorting operations.
- B.** Separate tables allow indexing more columns.
- C.** Fewer nullable column improve index usage.
- D.** Normalizing Improves the performance of innodb\_file\_per\_table.

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

#### **QUESTION NO: 6**

You create a table and a stored procedure:

```
CREATE TABLE t1 (f1 int);
```

```
INSERT INTO t1 VALUES (1), (2) , (3), (4), (5);
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sum_t1()
```