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1Z0-083

Oracle Database Administration II

DEMO

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1. Which two are true about reclaiming space used by Flashback logs in Oracle Database 19c and later releases?

- A. Space is only reclaimed when there is space pressure in the Fast Recovery Area(FRA)
- B. Space is always reclaimed automatically when the retention period for Flashback logs is lowered
- C. Space might be reclaimed proactively before space pressure occurs
- D. Space is always reclaimed proactively before space pressure occurs
- E. Space might be reclaimed automatically when the retention period for Flashback logs is lowered

Answer: CE

2. Which two are true about server-generated alerts?

- A. Stateless alerts can be cleared manually
- B. Stateless alerts are automatically cleared after one day.
- C. Stateful alerts are purged automatically from the alert history after one day
- D. Stateless alerts can be purged manually from the alert history.
- E. Stateful alerts must be cleared by a DBA to resolve the problem identified in the alert.

Answer: AD

3. Which three are true about upgrading Oracle Grid Infrastructure?

- A. The newer version is installed in a separate Oracle Grid Infrastructure home on the same server as the existing version
- B. A direct upgrade can be performed only from the immediately preceding Oracle Grid Infrastructure version
- C. The upgrade process will automatically install all mandatory patches for the current version of Oracle Grid Infrastructure
- D. Only the grid user can perform the upgrade
- E. Existing Oracle Database instances must be shut down before starting the upgrade
- F. An existing Oracle base can be used.

Answer: AEF

4. Which two are true about the Program Global Area(PGA)and its management in an Oracle database instance?

- A. PGA_AGGREGATE_LIMIT is a hard limit on the PGA size for any one session

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- B. The entire PGA is located in the System Global Area(SGA)when using shared servers
 - C. The private SQL area(UGA)is located in the System Global Area(SGA)when using shared servers
 - D. Sorts and Hash Joins use PGA memory.
 - E. The private SQL area(UGA)is located in the System Global Area(SGA)when using dedicated servers

Answer: CD

5. You plan to perform cross-platform PDB transport using XTTS. Which two are true?
- A. A backup of the PDB must exist, taken using the BACKUP command with the TO PLATFORM clause
 - B. The source PDB can be in MOUNT or OPEN state
 - C. The source PDB must be in MOUNT state.
 - D. The source PDB must not be an application root.
 - E. Automatic conversion of endianness occurs.
 - F. The source and target platforms must have the same endianness

Answer: BF

6. Which two are true about the automatic execution of operating system scripts when performing silent mode installation starting from Oracle Database 19c?
- A. The installer will prompt for the root or sudo password
 - B. Silent install always runs operating scripts automatically
 - C. The response file can specify the root or sudo password
 - D. The response file must contain the root or sudo password
 - E. The response file can specify the path of the sudo program

Answer: AE

7. Which three actions will add a resource to an Oracle Restart configuration?
- A. creating a database service using Oracle Database Configuration Assistant(DBCA)
 - B. creating a disk group using the CREATE DISKGROUP SQL statement
 - C. creating a database using the CREATE DATABASE SQL statement
 - D. creating an Oracle Database service by modifying the SERVICE NAMES parameter
 - E. creating an Oracle Automatic Storage Management(AM)instance with ASM Configuration Assistant(ASMCA)
 - F. creating a database service using DBMS_SERVICE.CREATE_SERVICE

Answer: ABE

8. How do you configure a CDB for local undo mode?

- A. Open the CDB instance in restricted mode. In CDB\$ROOT, drop the UNDO tablespace. Execute ALTER DATABASE LOCAL UNDO ON in each PDB, and then restart the CDB instance.
- B. Open the CDB instance in restricted mode. In CDB\$ROOT, execute ALTER DATABASE LOCAL UNDO ON, create an UNDO tablespace in each PDB, and then restart the CDB instance.
- C. Open the CDB instance in upgrade mode. In CDB\$ROOT, execute ALTER DATABASE LOCAL UNDO ON, and then restart the CDB instance.
- D. Open the CDB in read-only mode. In CDB\$ROOT, execute ALTER DATABASE LOCAL UNDO ON and then change the CDB to read/write mode.
- E. Open the CDB instance in upgrade mode. In each PDB, execute ALTER DATABASE LOCAL UNDO ON, create an UNDO tablespace, and then restart the CDB instance.

Answer: C

9. Which three activities are possible for PDBS?

- A. converting an application PDB to a regular PDB
- B. converting an application PDB to an application seed
- C. converting a regular PDB to an application PDB
- D. copying an application container into another application container in the same CDB
- E. converting an application seed to an application PDB
- F. converting an application PDB to an application root
- G. copying an application container into another application container in a different CDB

Answer: BCE

10. A user complains about poor database performance.

You want to verify if the user's session has waited for certain types of I/O activity.

Which view displays all waits waited on by a session at least once?

- A. V\$SESSTAT
- B. V\$SESSION_WAIT
- C. V\$SESSION_EVENT
- D. V\$SESSION
- E. V\$SESSION_WAIT_CLASS

Answer: C