

ISLEVER

1Z0-062

Oracle Database 12c: Installation and
Administration

DEMO

<https://www.islever.com/1z0-062.html>

<https://www.islever.com/oracle.html>

For the most up-to-date exam questions and materials, we recommend visiting our website, where you can access the latest content and resources.

QUESTION NO: 1

Examine the parameters for your database instance:

NAMETYPE VALUE

undo_management string AUTO
undo_retentioninteger 12 00
undo_tablespace string UNDOTBS1

You execute the following command:

```
SQL> ALTER TABLESPACE undotbs1 RETENTION NOGUARANTEE;
```

Which statement is true in this scenario?

- A. Undo data is written to flashback logs after 1200 seconds.
- B. Inactive undo data is retained for 1200 seconds even if subsequent transactions fail due to lack of space in the undo tablespace.
- C. You can perform a Flashback Database operation only within the duration of 1200 seconds.
- D. An attempt is made to keep inactive undo for 1200 seconds but transactions may overwrite the undo before that time has elapsed.

Answer: A

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 2

A user establishes a connection to a database instance by using an Oracle Net connection. You want to ensure the following:

1. The user account must be locked after five unsuccessful login attempts.
2. Data read per session must be limited for the user.
- 3- The user cannot have more than three simultaneous sessions.
4. The user must have a maximum of 10 minutes session idle time before being logged off automatically.

How would you accomplish this?

- A. by granting a secure application role to the user
- B. by implementing Database Resource Manager
- C. by using Oracle Label Security options
- D. by assigning a profile to the user

Answer: D

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 3

As a user of the ORCL database, you establish a database link to the remote HQ database such that all users in the ORCL database may access tables only from the SCOTT schema in the HQ database. SCOTT's password is TIGER. The service name "HQ" is used to connect to the remote HQ database.

Which command would you execute to create the database link?

- A. CREATE DATABASE LINK HQ USING 'HQ';
- B. CREATE DATABASE LINK HQ CONNECT TO CXJRRENT_USER USING HQ' S
- C. CREATE PUBLIC DATABASE LINK HQ CONNECT TO scott IDENTIFIED BY tiger USING 'HQ';
- D. CREATE DATABASE LINK HQ CONNECT TO scott IDENTIFIED BY tiger USING 'HQ';

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 4

What happens if a maintenance window closes before a job that collects optimizer statistics completes?

- A. The job is terminated and the gathered statistics are not saved.
- B. The job is terminated but the gathered statistics are not published.
- C. The job continues to run until all statistics are gathered.
- D. The job is terminated and statistics for the remaining objects are collected the next time the maintenance window opens.

Answer: D

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 5

You plan to create a database by using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA), with the following specifications:

- Applications will connect to the database via a middle tier.
- The number of concurrent user connections will be high.
- The database will have mixed workload, with the execution of complex BI queries scheduled at night.

Which DBCA option must you choose to create the database?

- A.** a General Purpose database template with default memory allocation
- B.** a Data Warehouse database template, with the dedicated server mode option and AMM enabled
- C.** a General Purpose database template, with the shared server mode option and Automatic Memory Management (AMM) enabled
- D.** a default database configuration

Answer: C

Reference: <http://www.oracledistilled.com/oracle-database/administration/creating-a-database-using-database-configuration-assistant/>

QUESTION NO: 6

Which two statements are true about the logical storage structure of an Oracle database?

- A.** An extent contains data blocks that are always physically contiguous on disk.
- B.** An extent can span multiple segments,
- C.** Each data block always corresponds to one operating system block.
- D.** It is possible to have tablespaces of different block sizes.
- E.** A data block is the smallest unit of I/O in data files.

Answer: B,D

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11882_01/server.112/e40540/logical.htm#CNCPT250