ISLEVER

1Z0-047

Oracle Database SQL Expert

DEMO

https://www.islever.com/1z0-047.html https://www.islever.com/oracle.html

For the most up-to-date exam questions and materials, we recommend visiting our website, where you can access the latest content and resources.

Note: The answer is for reference only, you need to understand all question.

QUESTION 1

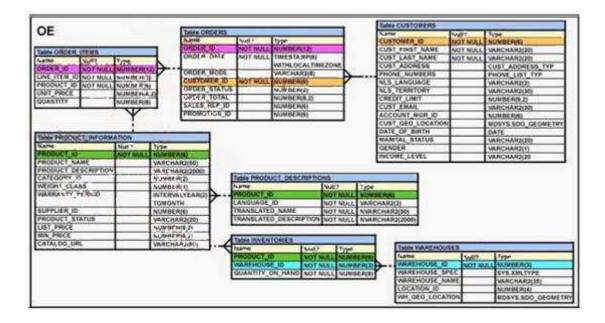
You need to load information about new customers from the NEW_CUST table into the tables CUST and CUST_SPECIAL. If a new customer has a credit limit greater than 10,000, then the details have to be inserted into CUST_SPECIAL. All new customer details have to be inserted into the CUST table. Which technique should be used to load the data most efficiently?

- A. external table
- B. the MERGE command
- C. the multitable INSERT command
- D. INSERT using WITH CHECK OPTION

Answer: C

QUESTION 2

View the Exhibit and examine the description of the CUSTOMERS table.



You want to add a constraint on the CUST_FIRST_NAME column of the CUSTOMERS table so that the value inserted in the column does not have numbers. Which SQL statement would you use to accomplish the task?

- A. ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD CONSTRAINT cust_f_name CHECK(REGEXP_LIKE(cust_first_name,'^A-Z')) NOVALIDATE ;
- B. ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD CONSTRAINT cust_f_name CHECK(REGEXP_LIKE(cust_first_name,'^[0-9]')) NOVALIDATE ;

1

- C. ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD CONSTRAINT cust_f_name CHECK(REGEXP_LIKE(cust_first_name,'[[:alpha:]]')) NOVALIDATE ;
- D. ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD CONSTRAINT cust_f_name CHECK(REGEXP_LIKE(cust_first_name,'[[:digit:]]')) NOVALIDATE ;

Answer: C

QUESTION 3

Which three tasks can be performed using regular expression support in Oracle Database 10g? (Choose three.)

- A. It can be used to concatenate two strings.
- B. It can be used to find out the total length of the string.
- C. It can be used for string manipulation and searching operations.
- D. It can be used to format the output for a column or expression having string data.
- E. It can be used to find and replace operations for a column or expression having string data.

Answer: CDE

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the EMP table which is not partitioned and not an indexorganized table. Evaluate the following SQL statement:

ALTER TABLE emp DROP COLUMN first_name;

Which two statements is true regarding the above command? (Choose two.)

Name	Nu11?	Type
EMPNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(4)
FIRST NAME		VARCHAR2(20)
LAST NAME		VARCHAR2 (20)
SALARY		NUMBER(10,2)
DEPTNO		NUMBER (2)

A. The FIRST_NAME column would be dropped provided it does not contain any data.

- B. The FIRST_NAME column would be dropped provided at least one or more columns remain in the table.
- C. The FIRST_NAME column can be rolled back provided the SET UNUSED option is added to the above SQL statement.

2

D. The FIRST_NAME column can be dropped even if it is part of a composite PRIMARY KEY provided the CASCADE option is used.

Answer: BD

QUESTION 5

Evaluate the CREATE TABLE statement:

CREATE TABLE products

(product_id NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT prod_id_pk PRIMARY KEY, product_name VARCHAR2(15));

Which statement is true regarding the PROD_ID_PK constraint?

- A. It would be created only if a unique index is manually created first.
- B. It would be created and would use an automatically created unique index.
- C. It would be created and would use an automatically created no unique index.
- D. It would be created and remains in a disabled state because no index is specified in the command.

Answer: B

QUESTION 6

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The USER_SYNONYMS view can provide information about private synonyms.
- B. The user SYSTEM owns all the base tables and user-accessible views of the data dictionary.
- C. All the dynamic performance views prefixed with V\$ are accessible to all the database users.
- D. The USER_OBJECTS view can provide information about the tables and views created by the user only.
- E. DICTIONARY is a view that contains the names of all the data dictionary views that the user can access.

Answer: AE

QUESTION 7

View the Exhibit and examine the description of the ORDERS table. Which two WHERE clause conditions demonstrate the correct usage of conversion functions? (Choose two.)